





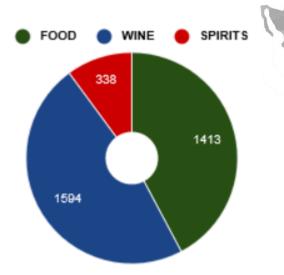


- 1 Economic impact of fake GIs in the EU
- 2 The EU rules to protect GIs
- 3 The national enforcement of GIs
- 4 Border protection of GIs and the role of Customs
- 5 Enforcement of GIs and exchange of information





### 1 ECONOMIC IMPACT OF FAKE GIS IN THE EU



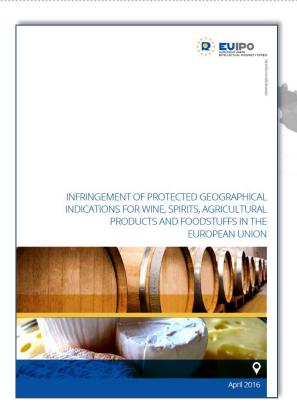
GI	Registered
PDO	1781
PGI	1167
TSG	59
GI SPIRITS	338
total	3345

Source: QUALIGEO.EU, the food, wine and spirits GI database https://www.qualigeo.eu





Clave para la innovación, el crecimiento económico y la cooperación



# **«INFRINGEMENTS OF GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS»**

Value of GI infringing products (2014)

VALUE	% OF GI PRODUCT
(€billion)	MARKET
4.3	9.0%

Data from 17 MS representing approximately 82% of the EU GI product market







«INFRINGEMENTS OF GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS»

Infringement rates vary considerably by GI product

 12.7%	SPIRITS
11.5%	FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND CEREALS
11.0%	FRESH MEAT AND MEAT PRODUCTS
10.6%	CHEESES
8.6%	WINES
0.1%	BEERS

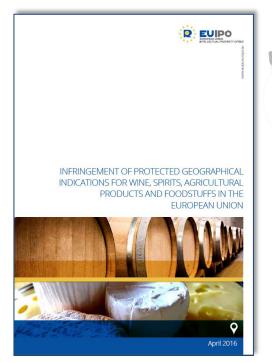
INFRINGEMENT OF PROTECTED GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS FOR WINE, SPIRITS, AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS AND FOODSTUFFS IN THE EUROPEAN UNION







#### Clave para la innovación, el crecimiento económico y la cooperación



# **«INFRINGEMENTS OF GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS»**

impact on spirits and wines sector 2012-2015

DIRECT LOST	% OF SALES	TOTAL LOST	DIRECT EMPLOYM	TOTAL EMPLOYM	GOV. REVENUE
SALES (€billion)	SALES		ENT LOSS	ENT LOSS	LOSS (€billion)
2.7	6.9%	6.3	7,100	41,000	2.2



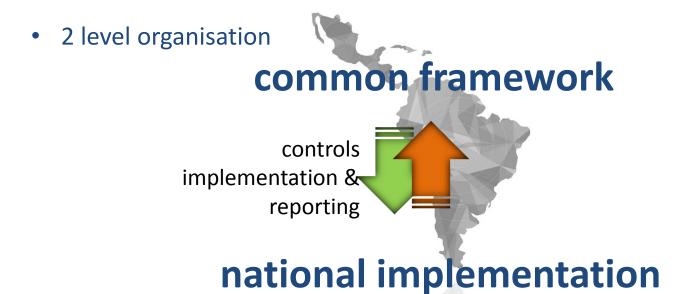


### 2 THE EU RULES TO PROTECT GIS

- Approach to protection
  - Gl as «sui generis» IP rights
  - EU/national collective marks or national certification/guarantee marks
  - under other legal framework (e.g.: competition laws, consumers protection, etc.)











- Protected products: foodstuff and agricultural, wines, spirits and aromatised wine drinks
- EU products and GI protected products from third Countries
  - upon registration in the EU special scheme provided
  - based on bilateral/multilateral agreements







# Scope of the protection

- o any direct or indirect commercial use of the registered name
- any misuse, imitation or evocation
- any other false or misleading indication as to the origin, provenance, nature or essential qualities
- any other practice liable to mislead the consumer as to the origin of the product





# Scope of the protection

«Ex officio» measures: a qualifying tool

Member States shall take appropriate administrative and judicial steps to prevent or stop the unlawful use of the name of products that are produced or marketed in the State



- open category of measures
- independently of prior claims
- support to small producers
- for all GI products across the EU





controllers

# National central authority

# designated competent authorities (CA)

- impartial and objective
- qualified staff
- necessary resources

# delegated control bodies (CB)

- usually private entities
- operating as certification bodies
- ISO/IEC 17065:2012
- only on production







Control bodies – Spanish practice: the Consejos Reguladores

### Example in Aragon (Law No 9/2006):

- Public corporation with autonomous legal status and finance
- Tasks
- administration
- proposal of minimum requirements for each associated producer
- can act as control body (ISO/IEC 17065:2012 compliant):
  - via a control structure integrated in the Consejo
  - the Consejo itself upon authorisation of the Community
- under the Community's supervision (incompliances and control of legality of acts)







Control bodies – Italian practice: the Consorzio di produzione

Administrative entity created by the producers – legal framework in the civil code common organisation of enterprises

- composition:
  - representation
  - rules against conflicts of interest
- tasks include special surveillance on the market through the "agenti vigilatori"
  - production-transformation-trade, at all levels
  - can act as "public security agents"
  - directly supporting the national control authority ex officio protection





#### Official controls

- it's a voluntary system of control on all operators in the group of producers
- o compulsory for all operators once they use the name
- based on a national plan of controls shared with the Commission





Official controls

#### **PRODUCTION**

- Technical compliance with product specifications
- usually upon a plan agreed with the g.o.p.
- o costs

#### **MARKET**

- Surveillance of the use of the name
- orisk analysis based/systematic in the whole supply chain

### Methodology:

sampling analytic and/or organoleptic tests





#### 3 THE NATIONAL ENFORCEMENT OF GIS

- A good enforcement largely depends on an equivalent level of protection ensured across all the territory of the Union
  - ☐ Different approaches in MSs to high quality food products for historical and traditional reasons
  - ☐ Different economic weight of GI in MSs

Need to monitor...

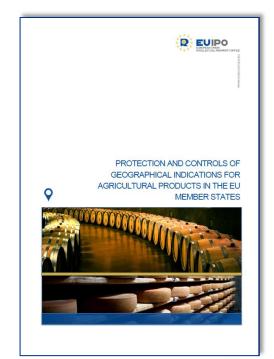






• 2017: EUIPO's Study on national enforcement

# The scope: 4 product categories IP: strictly GI in the TRIPP definition infringements The structure: Inventory of organisations and procedures Practical Guide: contact data for networking and information on legal redresses The methodology: data collection from Member States open sources and field research









• 2017: EUIPO's Study on national enforcement

- National systems are diverse
- ☐ Procedures and resources not always specifically for GI
  - general food controls apply
- ☐ Criminal Law
  - majority with specific GI criminal provisions
  - other covered by IP crime law
- ☐ Civil law remedies
  - trade mark law
  - unfair competition
  - consumer protection

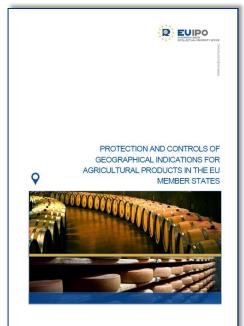








- 2017: EUIPO's Study on national enforcement
- ☐ «Ex officio» protection, a weak point
- ☐ ...but some have very good practices
  - Italy, France, Germany, Spain, Latvia, Croatia,
     Poland, Romania, Hungary bigger respondents
  - Italy best practices:
    - central c.a. ICQRF legally designated for ex officio measures
    - MoUs with e-commerce platforms eBay, Alibaba
       and Amazon take down of listing very quick
       reply after request







### 4 BORDER PROTECTION OF GIS AND ROLE OF CUSTOMS

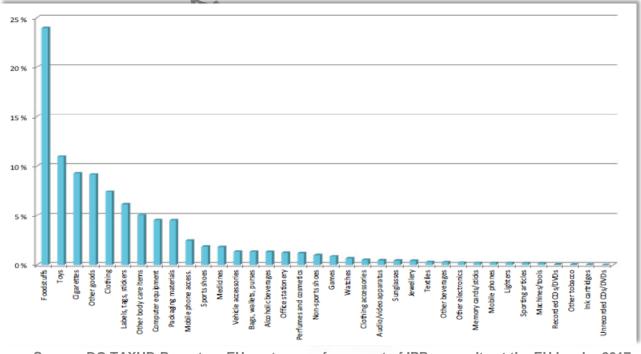
- 2017: EUIPO's Study on national enforcement
- What is the real involvement of law enforcement authorities (Police and Customs) on GIs?
- ☐ Customs: is there a sufficient protection at the borders?







# ☐ Fake food products in international trade is a reality





Source: DG TAXUD Report on EU customs enforcement of IPR - results at the EU border 2017



<u>26 January 2017</u>: The Italian Prosecutor Office of Reggio Calabria (Anti-Mafia District Directorate) announces an operation (including collaboration of Italian Customs) against Organized Criminal Group with basis in Italy and connections with the USA







The criminal activities included <u>illegal import-export operations</u> of olive oil and agricultural products:

- influencing the regional agri-food production
- establishing a network for export to USA of counterfeited olive oil
- US commercial and retail network infiltrated with illegal
   Italian olive oil products
- and much more...



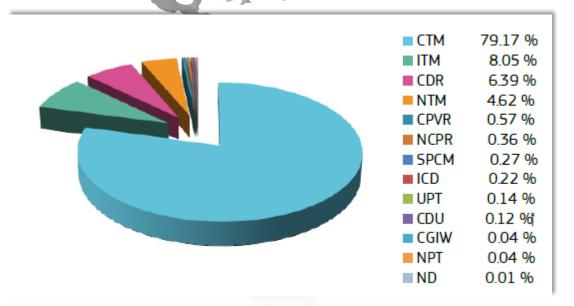


### 46 million euro seized at the time of the operation



#### **EU Customs role in IPR enforcement**

- ☐ IPR holders proactive role: an «application for action» needed with all info
- ☐ IP rights in % of articles seized in 2017: 0,04% of GI







# 5 ENFORCEMENT OF GIS AND EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

- Information provided by the IPR holder is key:
  - product description authentic and fake
  - IP information
  - legal supply chain
  - black list of infringers
  - contact data of the company



«application for action»





			Authentic goods		
12 (*).	Goods details  IP right no: Goods description:  Including get-up and graphic symbols as well as images of the goods				
	CN tariff number: Customs value: European average market		JIIIC SYTTLOOIS AS	werras irrages of the goods	
	National market value:			See enclosed annex no	
13 (*).	Goods distinctive features Position on the goods: Description:	such as markings, labels, hangtags and bar-coding			
				See enclosed annex no	
14(*).	Place of production Country: Company: Address:			Restricted handling	
	Town:			See enclosed annex no	
15 (*).	Involved companies Role: Name:	authorized importors su	poliore manufa	Restricted handling	
	Address: Town: Postal Code:	or exporters	ppners, manure		
	Country:			See enclosed annex no	
16 (*).	Traders Name: Address: Town: Postal Code:	persons or entities author of the IPR(s)	orised to trade in	Restricted handling n products involving the use	
	Country:			See enclosed annex no	
17.	77. Goods clearance details and distribution information channels of distribution (central warehouses, dispatch departments, means of transport, transport routes and delivery) and customs procedures and offices see enclosed annex no			lepartments, means of transport,	
18.	Packages Kind of packages: Number of items per packa Description (incl. distinctive	go.	olograms, butte	Restricted handling of the packages (markings, labels, ons, hangtags, bar-coding,), special mages See enclosed annex no	
19.	Accompanying documents Type of document: Description:	documents accompanyir instructions, warranty do		Restricted handling goods, such as brochures, operating	





			Infringing goods		
20.	Goods details IP right no: Goods description:	☐ Restricted handling including get-up and graphic symbols as well as images of the goods			
	CN tariff number: Minimum value:			See enclosed annex no	
21.	Goods distinctive features Position on the goods:			Restricted handling	
	Description:	such as markings, labels, hangtags and bar-coding	security thread	s, holograms, buttons,	
				See enclosed annex no	
22.	Place of production Country: Company: Address: Toen: Postal Code:	Restricted handling known or suspected place of origin, provenance and delivery of the infringing goods			
				See enclosed annex no	
23.	Involved companies Role: Name: Address: Town: Postal Code: Country:	importers, suppliers, mar exporters who are suspect the relevant intellectual p	cted of being in	Restricted handling riers, consignees or volved in infringements of	
24.	Traders Name: Address: Town: Postal Code: Country:	persons or entities not au use of the IPR(s) for whic been trading the product	h enforcement		





			П	
25.	inform depart	ments, n	Restricted handling channels of distribution of the infringing goods (warehouses, dispatch eans of transport, transport routes, places of delivery,) and on customs offices where the clearance of the infringing goods is carried out	
26.		ages: ems per package incl. distinctive fe	Restricted handling kind of packages, typical features of the packages (markings, labels, security threads, holograms, buttons, hangtags, bar-coding,), specia	ı
			package designs (colour, shape), images of the goods  See enclosed annex no	
27.	Accompanyir Type of docu Description:	ng documents iment:	documents accompanying the suspected infringing goods, such as brochures, operating instructions, warranty documents,	
			See enclosed annex no	
28.	Additional inf	any othe assessm specific goods, i	er information relevant to the customs authorities' analysis and ent of the risk of infringement of the IPR(s) concerned such as information concerning planned deliveries of suspected infringing including specific and detailed information on means of transport, ers and persons involved	
			See enclosed annex no	





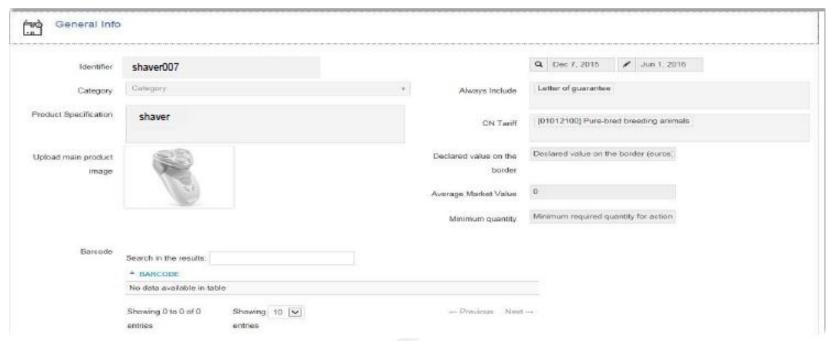
 For information exchange the Observatory has developed EDB for Customs and Police (i.e., borders and market controls)







### ■ Product information



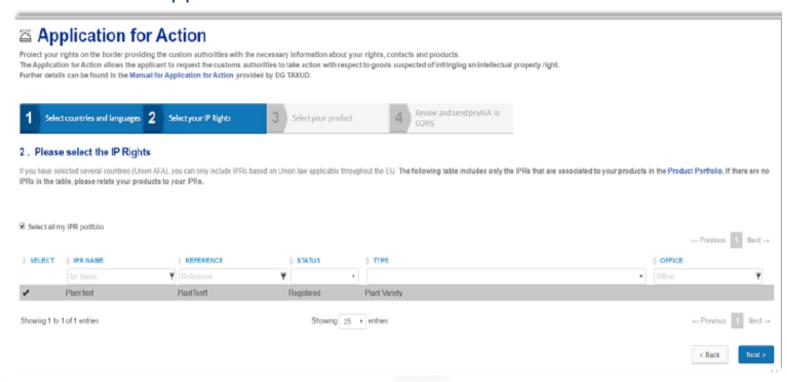




# ☐ Company information



■ Electronic application for action





# **THANK YOU**





