



TRADEMARK, ESSENTIAL GUIDE FOR SAFE GUARDING YOUR BRAND AND CREATIVITY





• Register Vehicles -



• Register Company -



• Register Intellectual Property Rights -



FUNCTION



Administer Intellectual Property Law and monitor its implementation.



Boosting and increase training and information dissemination.



Giving opinion in any issue related intellectual property



Providing management service, collect and enforce fee payment or any incidental charge.



Establishing cooperation relations hip internally and outside the country and as subject matter expert.



Undertake research and studies related intellectual property.



Reviewing and update intellectual property law according to need and current development.



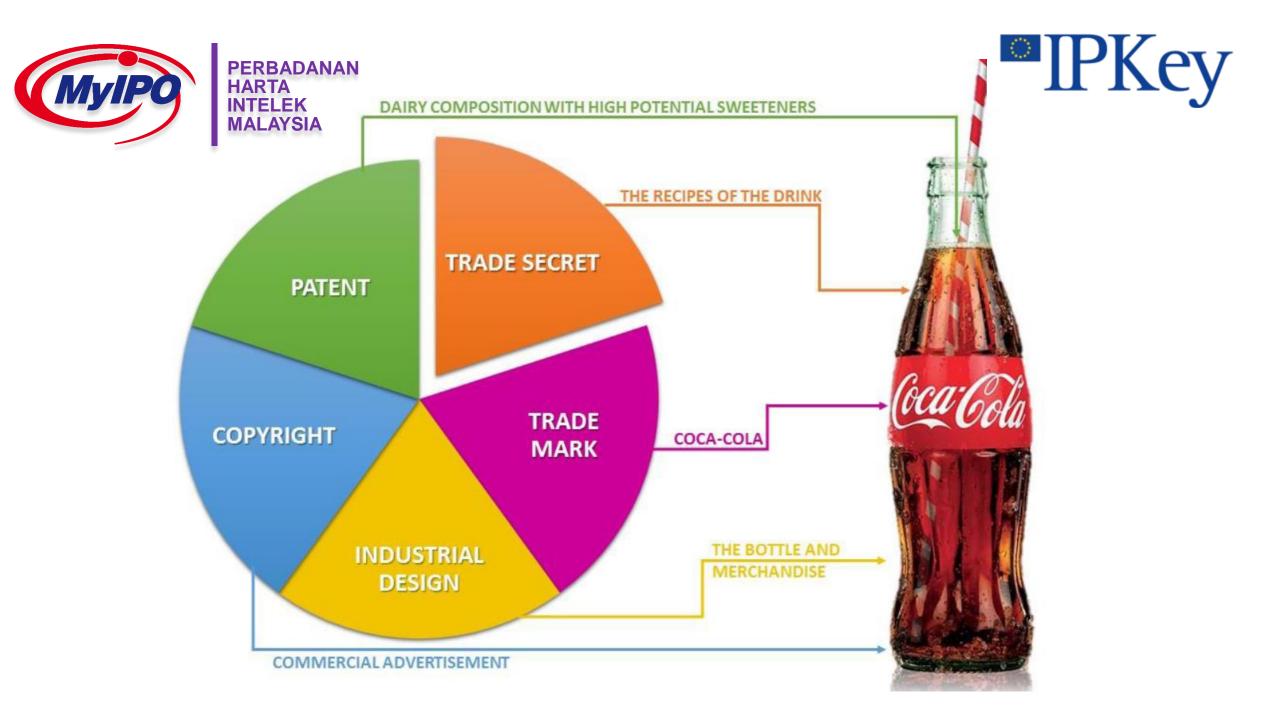
Ensuring country's interest in any agreement or related international convention intellectual property which Malaysia become the member is protected.







the term "intellectual property" is reserved for types of property that results from "creations of the human mind".



Creative Creations of the Human Mind









Technical solutions related to bottle caps

COPYRIGHT

'artwork'

TRADEMARK

"Nescafe"

INDUSTRIAL DESIGN

Bottle Design and Bottle Cap







DEFINITIONWhat is a trade mark?

The term 'mark' has been changed to 'sign'

•The definition of 'sign' is widened to include any letter, word, name, signature, numeral, device, brand, heading, label, ticket, shape of goods or their packaging, colour, sound, scent, hologram, positioning, sequence of motion or any combination thereof.





What is the actual function of a Trademark?



"A sign capable of distinguishing the goods or services produced or provided by one enterprise from those of other enterprises"

Types of Trademarks in Malaysia

Exploring Various Trademark Types in Malaysia



Non Traditional Marks

Shape of goods or their packaging, colour, sound, scent, hologram, positioning, sequence of motion or any combination thereof.

Certification Marks

Indicate compliance with defined standards, characteristics, or quality.

Word Marks

Consist of words, letters, or numerals used to distinguish goods or services.

Collective Marks

Identify goods or services originating from members of an association.

Device Marks

Include logos, symbols, or designs that are visually distinctive.





COMBINATION







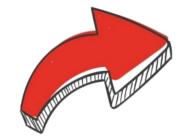








WORD or WORDS







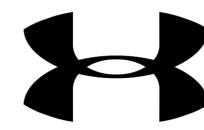


bamlanivimab





PICTURE or ABSTRACT or DEVICE















LETTER / NUMERAL





















KFC

It's finger lickin' good





Trademark protection in Malaysia is governed primarily by the Trade Marks Act 2019 and administered by the Intellectual Property Corporation of Malaysia (MyIPO). Here are the key aspects and procedures involved in trademark protection in Malaysia



PERBADANAN HARTA INTELEK MALAYSIA



APPLICATION AND REGISTRATION PROCEDURE





- Begins with filing an application with MyIPO.
- The application should include the trademark,
- a list of goods or services covered by the mark,
- details of the applicant.

MyIPO examines the application to ensure compliance with legal requirements and to verify the distinctiveness of the mark

Application

Examination

Registration

Publication

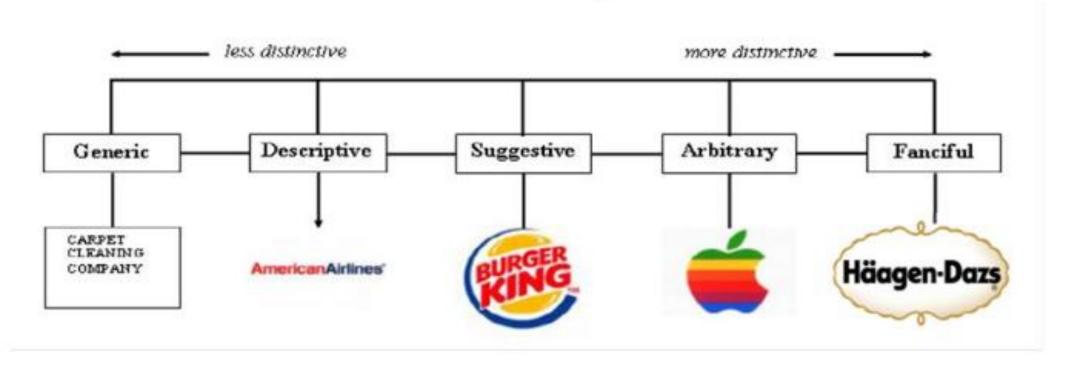
 If there are no oppositions or if oppositions are resolved in favor of the applicant, the trademark is registered and a certificate of registration is issued If approved, the trademark application is published in the Government Gazette to allow for opposition by third parties within a specified period.



Selecting a Mark



Distinctiveness Spectrum



The more distinctive the mark, the greater its level of legal protectability. Generic marks are not capable of trademark protection. Descriptive marks are capable of protection only with a showing of secondary meaning.









- Fanciful
- Arbitrary
- Suggestive



- Merely Descriptive
- Surname
- Primarily Geographically Descriptive





- Commonly Used Name of the Class of Product/Service
- Commonly Used Adjective for Significant Attribute of Product/Service





PERBADANAN HARTA INTELEK MALAYSIA



TRADEMARKS DISTINCTIVENESS SPECTRUM































<< WEAK

NOT DISTINCTIVE CANNOT BE PROTECTED

>>NEUTRAL<<

ACQUIRED DISTINCTIVENESS MAYBE PROTECTED STRONG >>

DISTINCTIVE CAN BE PROTECTED





REGISTRABLE TRADE MARK (S.23, ACD 2019)

Name/Co name represented in a special manner





Readable signature





Invented word or words





having no
direct
reference to
the
goods/services

MANGO



Distinctive sign









NON-REGISTRABLE TRADE MARK (S.23, TRADEMARK ACT 2019)

Causes confusion to the public & contrary to the law

Contrary to law, scandalous or offensive



Prejudicial to the interest or security of nation



Identical or similar to a well-known mark



A geographical name









NON-REGISTRABLE TRADE MARK (S.23, ACD 2019)



Deno.: CAP BUAH SAWIT Appli. No: 84005043 Appli. Date: 29/10/1984

Class: 29 Stat.: Abandon



Deno.: SETANDAN SAWIT Appli. No: 87004594

Appli. Date: 05/10/1987 Class: 29

Stat.: Abandon



Deno.: CAP BUAH SAWIT Appli. No: 89003302 Appli. Date: 08/06/1989

Class: 29 Stat.: Abandon



VESAWIT

Deno.: VESAWIT Appli. No: 09050445 Appli. Date: 05/08/2009

Class: 29 Stat.: Registered



Deno.: Rasawit Appli. No: 2017008427 Appli. Date: 08/08/2017

Class: 29 Stat.: Accepted









NON-REGISTRABLE TRADE MARK (S.24, ACD 2019)



Hershey's MALTESER

































NON-REGISTRABLE TRADE MARK (S.24, ACD 2019)





Practical Aspects

- Selecting a trademark
- Protecting a trademark through registration
- Using and maintaining a trademark
- Enforcing a trademark







Scope of Rights

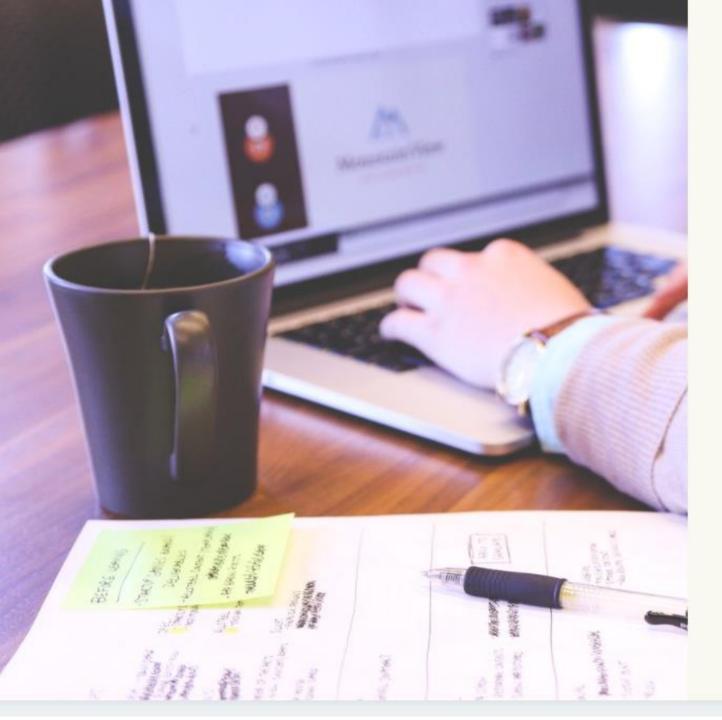
- Enjoy the exclusive right to use the mark
- Enjoy the right to prevent others from using an identical or similar mark for identical or similar goods or services
- Enjoy the right to prevent others form using an identical or similar mark for dissimilar goods or services





Scope of Rights as our business asset

- Licensing: owner retains ownership and agrees to the use of the TM by other company in exchange for royalties > licensing agreement (business expansion/diversification)
- Franchising: licensing of a TM central to franchising agreement. The franchiser allows franchisee to use his way of doing business (TM, know-how, customer service, s/w, shop decoration. Etc)
- Selling/assigning TM to another company (merger & acquisitions/raising of cash)



Consumers are starved for time and overwhelmed by the choices available to them. They want strong brands with good sign that simplify their decision making and reduce their risks."

Kevin Lane Keller, Tuck School of Business



terima kasih





#MyIPO #IntellectualProperty #Trademark #RyzulOsman #WeHelp



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